

COLUMBIA COLLEGE ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE PROGRAM STUDENT HANDBOOK Updated May 2022

8620 Westwood Center Drive Vienna, Virginia 22182

-- Official Columbia College Document --TABLE OF CONTENTS

Mission Statement/Vision Statement/Academic Freedom
Admission Information
Non-Discrimination Policy/Criteria for Admission/Class Hours
Course Descriptions
Library Access
Academic, Personal, and Immigration Advising
Student Responsibility in Taking Classes
Health Insurance
Housing Information
Satisfactory Academic Progress
Unsatisfactory Academic Progress Appeal 10
Code of Conduct
Faculty Office Hours
Placement and Exit Test 13
Social and Recreational Activities
Grading Policy
Complaint Policy
Academic Governance Policy
Cancellation and Refund Policy
Student Enrollment Agreement
Student Learning Outcomes

COLUMBIA COLLEGE'S MISSION STATEMENT

Columbia College provides high-quality, relevant, and varied educational programs and opportunities for the intellectual, cultural, and personal growth of all members of its community. The College values its role as an educational institution, embracing change and responding to the complex needs of those it serves.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE'S ESL PROGRAM MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of English as a Second Language Program at Columbia College is to prepare the students to function effectively in academic classes where English is the language of instruction. In doing so, we also seek students to have meaningful learning experiences by providing rich environment with American culture and the academic atmosphere that could be meaningful impact for their academic work and the personal journey of life.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE'S COMMITMENT TO ACADEMIC FREEDOM

The core reason that any university exists is for the exchange of ideas. Columbia College is committed to academic freedom for its Faculty/Staff and students and strives to affirm this commitment through its policies and procedures. The policies and procedures are intended to create a learning environment that encourages the respectful exchange of ideas and opinions.

ADMISSION INFORMATION

Columbia College is committed to equal opportunity in student admissions. Students who are high school graduates or the equivalent qualify for admission and can benefit from the College's programs and services. Columbia College offers associate degree programs, certificate programs, and non-degree programs in order to accommodate a variety of students with different educational objectives and backgrounds. Some students may not qualify for programs with more stringent requirements. For more information, students should contact the appropriate department and/or the admissions office.

NON-DISCRIMINATION POLICY

Columbia College does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, or disability. The College complies with the Civil Rights Act of 1964, related executive orders 11246 and 11375, Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, Sections 503 and 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 402 of the Vietnam Era Veteran's Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, and all Civil Rights Laws of the state of Virginia.

CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION

To qualify for enrollment in Columbia College, the applicant must meet the following conditions:

- 1. A graduate of an accredited high school or has satisfactorily completed the General Educational Development (GED) test.
- 2. A home-schooled student who follows state and county education guidelines. The compliance form must be submitted with the admissions application.
- 3. If an applicant graduated from high school in a foreign country and cannot provide the diploma, he/she must complete waivers of diploma forms as proof of graduation.
- 4. An official college/university transcript is an acceptable document to prove high school graduation if the applicant is currently attending or previously attended. For foreign institutions, the transcript must be evaluated by an organization recognized by the National Association of Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) or the Association of International Credential Evaluators (AICE).
- 5. English as a Second Language (ESL) applicants are administered a nationally recognized exam for the purpose of evaluating language proficiency and academic propensity. Please note, ESL students are also required to complete a nationally recognized exam upon completion of their program for the purpose of evaluating learning outcomes and language proficiency.

CLASS HOURS

- Session: Each session is 10 weeks, and Each year has five sessions.
- Class Hours: Each session is 200 hours and 20 hours per week

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

- Program Length: 60 weeks (10 weeks per each level) approximately Every 10 weeks (per session), students will be able to take Final exam to move up to the next level. After completing 302 Advanced II level, students will be able to complete the ESL courses and will receive ESL certificates issued in Columbia College ESL Department.
- Class Size: 5-15 people
- Class Hour: 20 hours per week
- Class Schedule: 9:00 am-2:00 pm
- ESL Level Description

Level	Description
101 Beginning I 102 Beginning II	Columbia College's ESL classes at the beginner level introduce students to both the spoken and written forms of the English language using today's most modern methods. Students are given opportunities to practice listening, speaking, reading, and writing with basic grammar through interactive activities in the classroom.
201 Intermediate I 202 Intermediate II	Columbia College's ESL classes at the Intermediate level continue to give students ample opportunities to improve their English abilities in listening and speaking in English and introduce students to the basics of academic reading and writing with grammar. Students will be given instruction on the basics of reading such as how to find main ideas, skimming and finding context clues. Writing at this level focuses on developing paragraphs with appropriate topic sentences and following the academic writing process such as introduction, body, and conclusion
301 Advanced I 302 Advanced II	Columbia College's ESL classes at the Advanced level strive to enhance students' English abilities in listening, speaking, reading, and writing. Students are exposed to common idiomatic expressions both in spoken and written forms. Students are also introduced to reading academic research and writing. Students will have the opportunities to research a topic, and write about the topic. Students at this level learn how to find and cite sources for their research papers. This level appropriately prepares students for entry into any college in the United States.

LIBRARY ACCESS

The Columbia College Library collection is available to use for research assignments that students are required to complete. With its easy and simple search strategies, the user can find the desired library book by author, by title, by keyword, by subject, and/or by barcode number of the book. When the particular word is typed in the search dialog box, the software displays the list of related words in its prompted list. The library user can select a desirable book using the detailed bibliographic data. Also, a grand online database by LIRN® is available to every student and faculty member. This provides access to more than 1 million article titles. The Directory of the Open Access Journal is also open to the public 24/7. For further assistance, full-time library staff are available to assist your research during business hours (M~F 9AM to 10PM) at the Global Zone on the first floor.

STUDENT RESPONSIBILITY IN TAKING CLASSES

Students receive information via email, announcements in classes, a learning management system, and bulletin boards and written announcements distributed in-person by faculty (during sessions of in-person classes).

To support students with learning resources, the College provides wireless access to the Internet in computer labs, for library catalog, and on their own devices anywhere on campus. During the pandemic only online communication is occurring as classes are offered online.

It is the student's responsibility to access information either online or in-person on campus. During the pandemic, it is the student's responsibility to check and read the emails sent by the faculty or staff on a regular basis since there may be important class information about quizzes, assignments and/or finals. The student must report any technical issues related to information access in a timely manner.

ACADEMIC, PERSONAL, AND IMMIGRATION ADVISING

Students may request academic, personal, and immigration advising at any time during their enrollment by making a request with either the ESL Director or the Student Services Department.

Students receive academic advising during the registration process as well as at least once per term. Columbia College academic advisors are credentialed, and course qualified for their program of study. Academic advisors assist students in scheduling and selecting appropriate courses. At any time during the term, students may request an appointment with their academic advisor, department representative, or instructor for assistance. Academic advisors must schedule to meet the student within ten business days of initial request. Students will receive contact information for academic advisors from the ESL Director.

HEALTH INSURANCE

Although the College does not provide health insurance plans for students, it acknowledges the importance of health insurance and encourages students to obtain health insurance to cover medical care. The College encourages all college students to get health insurance coverage to prevent an illness or accident from causing a financial burden.

Receiving adequate and quality health care is important especially in an emergency, and this is also related to the burden of financial hardship that may be imposed in the case of emergency treatments. The cost of insurance varies depending on the student's medical history and type of coverage requested.

In selecting a plan, students should consider the following factors and/or questions:

- Monthly rate make sure you can afford
- Whether you can upgrade, cancel, or change your policy or if you are under a contractual agreement
- Whether Maternity Benefits are included in the plan
- Low Deductibles some plans require the person to pay the expenses himself/herself
- Eligibility what does the insurance company look for medical records, income verification?

In addition, please refer to the two options below - that provide Health Insurance options for international students

- Home Page | PGHstudent
- <u>https://isoa.org/</u>

Please note that Columbia College does not endorse or assume any responsibility for any insurance policy, liabilities, deductible, insurance claim, payments or other insurance options or websites; and it expressly disclaims any responsibility for problems that may arise within connection therewith. Individuals are strongly advised to thoroughly research and understand the policy, liabilities, coverages, benefits, renewal, or other insurance options before making final arrangements and purchase.

HOUSING INFORMATION

Columbia College does not currently provide housing services to students, but the College makes efforts for all incoming students to ensure that they have access to necessary resources to find housing in the local area.

Students who are new to the DMV area may first consider staying in a local hotel to explore the area. Students may consider the two following places for lodging while they search for a more permanent solution and can get a discounted price for stay by mentioning Columbia College. However, Columbia College has no affiliation with them.

Hawthorn Suites Tysons Corner
 8616 Westwood Center Drive Vienna, VA, 22182
 Tel) 703-893-0120

Quality Inn Tysons Corner
 1587 Spring Hill Rd, Vienna, VA 22182
 Tel) 703-448-8020

Please be advised that most apartments require students to apply for housing at least 2 months prior to their expected move-in date. To assist students who are uncertain of future plans and need a place for lodging for the time being to find long-term housing, please refer to <u>this link</u>, in which students can find temporary and/or long-term housing in the local area. Also please note that users of this service contract with each other individually and at their own risk. Columbia College shall not be liable for any actions resulting from arrangements made between users of this service. Columbia College does not inspect, endorse or assume any responsibility for any properties, accommodations, or other housing options or websites; and it expressly disclaims any and all responsibility for any problems that may arise within connection therewith. Individuals are strongly advised to thoroughly investigate and inspect any properties, accommodations, or other housing final arrangements.

For further information, please contact <u>admissions@ccdc.edu</u>

SATISFACTORY ACADEMIC PROGRESS

All Columbia College students must comply with the Satisfactory Academic Progress (SAP) standards toward earning a diploma or certificate to maintain their status and/or to be eligible for federally supported financial aid programs. This is applicable to resident ESL students who are not earning a diploma nor using federal student aid. "Satisfactory Academic Progress" is a measurement of a student's successful progress in his/her studies to fulfill the requirements expressed by the Higher Education Act (HEA) of the U.S. Department of Education. All students are measured in two categories of standards: Qualitative and Quantitative. The Qualitative standard is the level of academic performance and is a requirement to maintain his/her student status at Columbia College. The minimum required level of academic performance is a cumulative grade point average (CGPA) of 2.0 (C) on total enrolled clock hours or credit hours. Letter grades of A, B, C, D, F, and grades on repeated courses are counted in the CGPA calculation as a qualitative standard. Failed courses (F), Withdrawals (W), Incompletes (I), audited course (AU), and courses transferred from another institution prior to the student's attendance at Columbia College (T), are not counted in the CGPA. However, the grade "I" can be changed to A, B, C, or D if the student makes up the deficiency in the course upon the instructor's permission, and the converted grade will be counted in CGPA

The Quantitative standard is the total clock hours or credit hours earned and time allotments for completion. In order to meet the quantitative standard, students must complete at least 67% of assessed course work at each session. To ensure every student completes within timely manner, the College defines a maximum time frame, which is 150% of normal program length for all programs. It means the students must progress through the program at a pace that will ensure successful completion within 1.5 times of the program length as measured in session. Student vacation is not counted in program length or maximum time frame. The additional period can be used to make-up non-completed hours and credits or other required academic work for graduation. Students cannot get a federal financial aid support for the extended enrollment period. Letter grades of A, B, C, D, and T are counted in the earned clock hours/credits as a quantitative standard. The letter grades F, W, I, and AU and repeated courses are not counted in the earned clock hours/credits. The grade "I" can be changed to A, B, C, or D if the student makes up the deficiency in the course upon the instructor's permission, and the converted grade will be counted in earned clock/credit hours.

Attendance Policy, Maximum Time Frame and Course Repetition

Students are required to attend all classes regularly, with a minimum of 80% attendance for each session of enrollment. Attendance will be recorded by the instructor and maintained at the school. In the event of inclement weather, students will be notified by telephone in writing of required attendance or scheduled make up class.

If a student's attendance falls below the 80% required, they will be placed on attendance probation and will need to show an 80% or better attendance rate by the end of the next course. Failure to do so will result in dismissal.

If a student is late or leaves early, partial attendance is documented. If a student is late, or leaves early 15 minutes or more, it will be counted as a tardy or an early departure. Three tardiness or early departures will be counted as one absence.

A student's attendance will be evaluated and reported in writing to the student at the end of each course.

The maximum time frame for the ESL program is 90 weeks and students cannot repeat more than 2 times of the same course.

For the ESL program, please refer to the following Attendance Policies:

1. A student is late if he/she arrives unexcused to class up to 15 minutes after the start time of class. The ESL teacher and staff will record each time a student is late.

2. 3 unexcused lates are equivalent to 1 unexcused absence

3. 3 unexcused absences are equivalent to failing your class, which means you are not allowed to move up to the next level and must repeat the same regardless of your final grades.

We understand that there are times when you are sick or there are family emergencies that cause you to be absent or late. In this case, please contact us to explain the reasons for lateness or absence.

A student who is required to repeat a course must complete it within the maximum time frame and will be charged tuition at the regular published rate. The final grade will be based only on the most recent course grade, meaning all previous attempts will be excluded.

The academic office and financial aid office carry out the monitoring process of SAP to determine whether the students are making satisfactory academic progress. If the student fails to fulfill the minimum requirement of the SAP, a notification (warning letter, probation notice, dismissal notice) is issued from the academic office and the information is forwarded to the financial office and each department director. Incremental evaluation time for SAP is at the end of each 10-week session, meaning satisfactory progress of a student is evaluated every ten weeks. Meetings with advisors will be scheduled within five business days of receiving a notification of failing to meet SAP.

UNSATISFACTORY ACADEMIC PROGRESS APPEAL

A student may submit an appeal for an Unsatisfactory Academic Progress status in writing to the school's Academic Office. A copy of the request is forwarded to the Financial Aid Office if the student is under the federal financial aid program. A meeting with the Academic Dean and the Financial Aid Officer to discuss this appeal will be held within 5 business days after receipt of the appeal. The student's grade reports, and attendance records will be examined at the meeting. If the school made an error for any reason, the student's satisfactory academic progress evaluation will be corrected. Columbia College may consider a student with special circumstances as making satisfactory progress even though he/she fails to meet the requirements due to:

- The death of a family member
- An injury or illness of the student or
- Other special circumstances

In the written document, the student needs to explain the reason he/she could not meet the required standard to maintain their status at the College and maintain the eligibility of financial aid. It is required for the student to submit the documented evidence to prove he/she is under mitigating circumstances. They include:

- Copy of death certificate
- Medical certificate from a physician
- Bank statement or financial documents (not for international student)
- Supporting statement from faculty, program director, and school official
- Other supporting documents

The Academic Dean will make the following decisions on each appeal in a timely fashion:

1. The student's appeal may be fully accepted and financial aid eligibility fully reinstated. This is the case when the student's appeal for his/her circumstance was granted, or it is the result of an administrative or recording error made on the student's academic record. If the case is an appeal for dismissal by mitigating circumstances, the student will be placed on probation and the financial aid eligibility is restored. Under the probation, the student needs to meet the program director for counseling and approval for registration for the following session. The student also must meet the SAP requirement to be in good standing.

2. The student's appeal may be denied thus making him/her ineligible for federal financial aid. In this case, the student must be readmitted without financial aid after one session. Students can try a second appeal process, but the student must enroll without financial aid before the decision of the second appeal is made.

3. IMPORTANT: Generally, students cannot use the same reason for the appeal process for the dismissal status.

Grade Appeal

A grade appeal must be initiated by the student within three weeks of receiving a grade. A written request must be first submitted to the instructor of the class. If the issues are not resolved, a written request must be submitted to the appropriate program director/coordinator. A school committee, consisting of faculty and staff, will request a hearing in which the student and the faculty member will present their cases. All decisions made by this committee are final and the same issue cannot be appealed.

Dismissal

- 1. Students will be dismissed from Columbia College in the following cases:
 - A. Three academic warnings
 - B. Failure or refusal of registration
 - C. Serious misbehavior in the classroom such as threatening, physical abuse, sexual harassment, refusal to follow instruction, or continuous disturbances
 - D. Proven theft
 - E. Any serious violation of the school's regulations
- 2. When a student is academically dismissed:

A. He/she is not eligible to enroll in Columbia College's day or evening classes for a minimum of one session

B. International students must request for reinstatement by submitting a reinstatement form to a designated school official (DSO) at the International Students Office

CODE OF CONDUCT

A student who engages or assists in misconduct shall be subject to disciplinary measures, including reprimands, suspensions, or dismissal, when justified, to violations remedy of this policy.

Academic Dishonesty/Misconduct

- Students shall not cheat during exams or quizzes.
- Students shall not plagiarize; plagiarism is defined as a student presenting the work or ideas of another as his/her own in a paper, exam, or other assignment.
- Students shall not sell or purchase previous examinations or other assignments.

Non-Academic Dishonesty/Misconduct

- Physical and/or psychological abuse, threat, or harassment
- Initiating any false report, warning, threat of fire, explosion, or other emergency
- Unauthorized use, possession, storage of any weapon, dangerous chemical, or explosive element
- Disrupting, obstructing, or interfering with the college-sponsored events
- Theft of the college equipment, products, or materials
- Unauthorized possession, use, sale, or distribution of alcoholic beverages or any illegal or controlled substances
- Gambling or holding lotteries/raffles on the college campus without proper approval
- Disorderly, lewd, or obscene conduct
- Making illegal copies of college software The college software is protected by copyright. Students must not copy the institution's software without permission of the copyright holder. Additionally, students must not install personal software on the college computers or damage/destroy the software/computers.

Prohibition of Sexual Harassment of Students

- Sexual harassment is defined as unwelcome acts of a sexual nature including sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and/or other verbal or physical conduct including written communication of an intimidating, hostile or offensive nature, or action taken in retaliation for the reporting of such behavior. Sexual harassment can be verbal, written, or physical and ranges from subtle innuendos of a sexual nature to derogatory gender-specific comments about physical exposure, assault, to coerced sexual relationships.
- Sexual harassment is a serious offense. As a consequence, any faculty or staff member who engages in such conduct or encourages such behavior shall be subject to disciplinary action that may include dismissal from the College. Students accused of sexual harassment will have the right to due process.

FACULTY OFFICE HOURS

Instructional faculty will be accessible to students for academic and course advising during stated office hours outside of regularly scheduled class hours. Specific office hours are determined by individual faculty; however, all faculty members shall hold a minimum of one office hour per week for each class section taught. Faculty may supplement traditional office hours with virtual office hours and/or by appointment options given to students with flexible options. All office hour options will be listed in course syllabi. Columbia College believes the essence of quality education depends on clear communication between the faculty and students.

PLACEMENT AND EXIT TEST

After completing the admissions process, students take the CaMLA placement test in order to determine their placement level. CCESLP is currently in the process of planning to adopt speaking and writing tests to improve accuracy of the placement tests of students and this Handbook will be updated and students will be informed/notified accordingly. The ESL Director will notify the student of their course placement.

Students may request that a course placement be reviewed if the student and their instructor feel that they have been inaccurately placed. Their placement is reviewed taking into account the advice of their instructor and in consultation with the ESL Director and Student Advisement Services. It is important to note that while students have input in this process, the decision ultimately rests with the instructor and ESL Director.

Upon completion of the program, students are required to take the CaMLA exit test. The reason CCESLP utilizes the same test is to make an accurate measurement of student progress. Exit test results are provided to students and these records are kept in student files.

SOCIAL AND RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES

The ESL program provides opportunities for students to experience social and recreational activities in the local community. Due to our proximity to Washington, DC, Columbia College is fortunate to be able to take advantage of some fantastic resources for cultural immersion that are free or low cost. Approximately once each session, field trips are organized around the DC Metro area. These field trips range from viewing the Cherry Blossom Festival to taking museum tours and the like. Costs are typically minimal (most events are free of charge with the only expense being transportation). Students are informed of the activities and involved costs both in writing and in person by their teachers at least two weeks before the scheduled time. In addition to this, students will be distributed the College's Health and Safety Plan and are required to sign a Form where they ensure they understand any risks and costs of the event and that they acknowledge that they have read and understand the Health and Safety Plan.

GRADING POLICY

The formal grading system utilizes a letter grading policy and conforms to recognized education standards.

Grade	Percent	Standing
А	90-100	Excellent
В	80-89	Very Good
С	70-79	Satisfactory
D	60-69	Poor
F	0-59	Failing
Ι	Incomplete	Not applicable

Assessment Scale

Course grades, at the determination of the instructor, will be based on class and group participation, daily work, exams, other presentations, projects, papers, and/or portfolio. Instructor will distribute evaluation and his/her grading policies to students at the beginning of each term.

Complaint Policy

Student Complaint Procedures

A. Contact the school official directly:

1) If this concerns a grade received, the student must contact the instructor on or before the last day of the following session.

2) If this concerns an administrative matter, contact the school business manager.

3) If this concerns a matter not covered in the previous two instances, contact student services.

B. Appeal to the school official's supervisor:

1) If this must be done within 10 calendar days of the process outlined in above.

2) It is the responsibility of the appropriate administrator to hear the student's complaint within 10 calendar days of his/her appeal.

3) The administrator must notify the student in writing of the condition of the appeal within 10 calendar days of the hearing.

4) If the matter is not resolved to the mutual satisfaction of both parties, it may be elevated to the next level. At this point, it becomes a "grievance," as the complaint resolution process has not engendered a mutually satisfactory end to the complaint.

2. Student Grievance Procedures

A. Obtain a student grievance form from the student services director. Fill it out completely, stating your case in full detail, and return it to the student services director.

B. The student has the right to make his/her case to the college council. All evidence of unfair treatment must be presented as well as whether the student has suffered any damage or injury as

a result of such treatment. If satisfaction is not obtained, the student may further elevate his/her case to the president of the college.

C. If it is determined that the student has a valid grievance, the college council will be convened. Seated at the head will be a member of the college's administrative staff. The council will also consist of one faculty member and one student selected at the beginning of the academic year for this task. If this grievance concerns a grade, then the faculty member must be an actual instructor at the college.

D. The college council will notify the student in writing within 10 calendar days of the time and place of the hearing. The hearing will be held within 14 days of the designation of the college council. The college council will reach its decision by a simple majority vote and pass its recommendation to the college within 10 calendar days of the hearing.

E. The student will be notified in writing within 10 calendar days of the college council's recommendation, based on the postmarked date of the envelope in which it was submitted. Either party can appeal the decision by a written appeal to the president of the college within 10 days of the post marked date of the envelope in which it was submitted, to reach his/her decision. F. The student may address his/her concerns in writing to the following: The State Council of Higher Education for Virginia (SCHEV) James Monroe Building 10th Floor 101 N. 14th Street Richmond, VA 23219 Tel: (804) 225-2600 Fax: (804) 225-2604 Website: www.schev.edu/ Marvland Higher Education Commission (MHEC) 6 N Liberty Street Baltimore, MD 21201 Tel: (410) 767-3301 Fax: (410) 332-0250 Website: www.mhec.maryland.gov/ The Council on Occupational Education (COE) 7840 Roswell Road Building 300, Suite 325 Atlanta, GA 30350 Tel: (770) 396-3898 Fax: (770) 396-3790 Website: www.council.org/ * Students who initiate a complaint will not be subject to unfair actions by the school. All employees are responsible and accountable for the records in their possession and those records for which they have control. All local and federal laws will be followed by every Columbia College employee during the creation, retention, and disposition of school records. Columbia College management is responsible and accountable for managing and implementing the legal requirements for recordkeeping in the school facilities. All records created or received in the ordinary course of administrative and academic activities are the property of Columbia College and are subject to this guideline.

ACADEMIC GOVERNANCE POLICY

Effective academic governance is a hallmark of a mature educational institution. Therefore, all participants have the duty to strive to make academic governance:

1. A cooperative process that demands a joint effort between the Vice President/ Academic Dean and the Faculty/Staff of Columbia College with appropriate participation by students, alumni, and staff; (4)

2. An open process that is characterized by a courteous, free-flowing exchange of information and opinions between all interested parties;

3. A respectful process that gives increased weight to the opinions of participants who are accountable for the matters under consideration;

4. A comprehensive process that assumes that any issue may be relevant to the academic enterprise;

5. A bilateral process that produces policies that apply to Columbia College as a whole, and policies that apply only to one college or non-collegiate academic unit; and

6. A responsible process that is subordinate to governmental authority, the final institutional authority of the Board and the delegated authority of the President. The level of participation by the faculty in the academic governance process varies. It includes but is not limited to;

- a. Participation in the development of the educational program of the institution;
- b. Participation in the selection of course materials
- c. Participation in the selection of instructional equipment and other educational resources
- d. Systematic evaluation and revision of the Institutional curriculum
- e. Assessment of student learning-outcomes
- f. Assistance with the planning for Institutional effectiveness

g. Consultation – A body of Faculty/Staff members who discuss with and inform the administrator with authority and responsibility for the decision. Such a committee is not a deliberative body; there is no vote. Rather the members express their views to inform an administrator's decision.

7. Advice or Recommendation - A deliberative body of Faculty/Staff members who recommend policies or actions to an administrator who is authorized to make decisions. There is a vote. The administrator is not bound by the recommendation and accepts responsibility for the decision.

8. Shared Responsibility – A deliberative body of Faculty/Staff members who make recommendations concerning policies or actions to an administrator who is authorized to make decisions. There is a vote. If the administrative and the deliberative body cannot agree and a decision is needed, the recommendation of the administrator and the deliberative body will be submitted in writing to the next higher administrative level for resolution.

9. Delegated Authority – A deliberative body of Faculty/Staff is authorized to make decisions on specified matters. There is a vote. Such decisions are subject to administrative review, but will be altered only in rare circumstances.

Cancellation and Refund Policy

- 1. The entire amount except the application fee paid by the student will be fully refunded if the student chooses not to enroll before the first day of instruction or withdraws during the add/drop period.
- 2. If a student decides to withdraw or drop out after the add/drop period, refunds will be made according to the following schedule:

Proportion of Total Course	Tuition refund
Taught by Withdrawal Date	I union retund
Through 25%	50% of course cost
After 25% through 50%	25% of course cost
After 50%	No Refund

- 3. If the school closes, cancels, or discontinues a course or program, the full amount of tuition and fees will be refunded to all enrolled students.
- 4. Refunds will be determined based on the last attendance date.
- 5. If a student fails to return to the program by the end of a temporary leave of absence, the refund amount will be determined based on the date of withdrawal or termination,
- 6. and will be paid within 30 days from the last day of leave of absence.
- 7. All refunds due will be paid within 30 days of the student's last day of attendance.
- 8. Purchased books are students' property and they are not refundable unless they are returned before classes begin.

*New international students who paid the deposit for the first session are NOT ELIGIBLE to get a refund after the I-20 is issued.

*Columbia College complies with the refund policies adopted by the Commission of Council on Occupational Education. Refund calculation is based on a percentage of the number of clock hours remaining in the program from the last day attended, rounded down to the nearest 10%, minus any unpaid student charges or fees and an administrative fee which is less than 5% of the cost of the program (or \$100). The school does not retain any federal funds for any term not attended.

STUDENT ENROLLMENT AGREEMENT

Please choose a Columbia College campus by choosing one of the boxes below:

8620 Westwood Center Dr., Vienna, VA 22182	5940 Centreville Crest Ln. Centreville, VA 22021	Rockville Extension 20 West Gude Dr. Rockville, MD 20850
Phone: 703-206-0508	,	Phone: 301-929-0565

(first)	(MI)		(last)	
Date of Birth:		Nationality:		
Street Address:				
City:	State:		Zip:	
Contact Number:	SSN	:		
I agree to enroll in Columbia	College's:			Program.
The beginning date for this s	ession is (MM/DD/YYYY)			_ and the expected
completion date is (MM/DD/	/YYYY)	This program	n requires	credit hours and
will result in being awarded	a certificate/diploma/degree			
COST FOR PROGRAM:	APPLICATION FEE:	\$		
	TUITION:	\$		
	BOOKS/SUPPLIES:	\$		
	MISC. EXPENSES:	\$		
	TOTAL COST:		\$	

TUITION PAYMENT

All students must make the first tuition payment and register for a class by or on the last day of the registration period. Students will not be allowed to enter or continue attending class until they have paid 100% of tuition before the end of the registration period.

STUDENT'S RIGHT TO CANCEL

Students may cancel the **Enrollment Agreement** within 3 days (Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays or days when the College is closed not included) of signing the agreement and obtain a full refund of all monies paid for tuition (less the non-refundable \$100 fee), as long as the student has not actually attended classes. However, once the student has attended a class, the agreement is enforced and cannot be voided by the student regardless of when the agreement was signed.

Students who drop out of class during the 3-day period after signing the agreement or after the 3-day cancellation period are subject to the tuition refund provisions set forth below;

REFUND POLICY

1. The entire amount except the application fee paid by the student will be fully refunded if the student chooses not to enroll before the first day of instruction or withdraws during the add/drop period.

2. If a student decides to withdraw or drop out after the add/drop period, refunds will be made according to the following schedule:

Proportion of Total Course Taught by Withdrawal Date	Tuition Refund
Up to 25%	50% of course cost
Between 25% and 50%	25% of the course cost
More than 50%	No Refund

3. If the school closes, cancels, or discontinues a course or program, the full amount of tuition and fees will be refunded to all enrolled students.

4. Refunds will be determined based on the last attendance date.

5. If a student fails to return to the program by the end of a temporary leave of absence, the refund amount will be determined based on the date of withdrawal or termination, and will be paid within 30 days of the last day of leave of absence.

6. All refunds due will be paid within 30 days of the student's last day of attendance.

7. Purchased books are the students' property and they are not refundable unless they are returned before classes begin.

**All Students MUST submit a written request for their refunds.

Additional Notices:

- Columbia College has been certified by the State Council of Higher Education for Virginia (SCHEV) to operate in Virginia at these locations.
 - The State Council of Higher Education for Virginia (SCHEV) James Monroe Building 9th Floor 101 N. 14th Street Richmond, VA 23219 Tel: (804) 225-2600 Fax: (804) 225-2604 Website: www.schev.edu
- Columbia College has been certified by the Maryland Higher Education Commission (MHEC) to operate in Maryland at this location
 - Maryland Higher Education Commission (MHEC)
 6 N Liberty Street Baltimore, MD 21201
 Tel: (410) 767-3301 Fax: (410) 332-0250
 Website: www.mhec.maryland.gov/

- The transferability of credit and credentials earned is at the sole discretion of the receiving school
- Student Complaint and Grievance Policy
 - Columbia College always strives to provide an environment conducive to the growth and development of all students; a place where disagreements can be discussed and resolved in a manner befitting the institution. Therefore, Columbia College has established a specific policy to resolve student complaints and grievances.
 - A student who has a complaint is responsible for following the procedures described in the Catalog. Complaints may concern inappropriate faculty conduct (including inappropriate course materials), incompetence in oral communication, inequities in assignments, scheduling of examinations at unauthorized or unpublished times, or grading grievances.

STUDENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

By signing below, I certify that I have read and understood the enrollment agreement. I certify that I have been provided access to the school's electronic or print catalog, bulletin, or brochure. I understand that this is a legally binding agreement. My signature below certifies that I have read, understood, and agreed with my rights and responsibilities. Further, I certify that I understand the cancellation and refund policies and I understand and agree to these policies. I attest that I am at least 18 years of age. I understand that I will pay the tuition and fee amount. I have been advised to keep a copy of this document as well as copies of all financial documents.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT	DATE:
SIGNATURE OF PARENT (IF APPLICANT IS A MINOR)	DATE:
SIGNATURE OF SCHOOL OFFICIAL	DATE:

In order to be binding, this agreement must be signed by the applicant and a school official. The enrollment agreement may be extended or modified only with the written consent of both student and the school.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

Course	Course Goal	Course Objective	Student Learning	Suggested
Name			Outcome	Assessment
101-1 Grammar	The primary goal of this course is for low beginning level students to master the basic sentence structures and parts of speech of the English Language.	Memorize various nouns and adjectives that are commonly used. Formulate negative verb phrases and contractions. Understand the usage of prepositions and use them appropriately in sentences. Ask information questions with wh- and responses to wh- questions. Use $it + be$ for time and weather, and there + be for descriptions. Use the past time forms of regular and irregular verbs. Learn about frequency adverbs and expressions. Understand the different usage of simple tense, past tense, and present progressive tense. Identify count nouns and properly use articles to express the quantity of nouns. Distinguish the usage of the simple tense and past tense. Formulate statements	OutcomeStudents will be abletoconstructsentences using <i>is</i> for singularnouns and <i>are</i> forplural nounswrite and usesimple presenttenseuse information using <i>be</i> and <i>have</i> requestinformation using <i>wh-</i> wordsdifferentiate thesimple presentand presentprogressive tenseuse nouns andpronouns inwriting andspeakingaccuratelydifferentiatecount andnoncount nounsand form theirplurals accuratelydifferentiateregular andirregular verbsand conjugatethem accuratelydifferentiateregular andirregular verbsand conjugatethem accuratelyform questions inthe simplepresent and pasttenses.	Assessment An instructor made assessment targeting the SLO is administered every five weeks. This in combination with informal observations of the students progress, completion of homework and in- class assignments, and attendance are used to evidence achievement of SLO.
		and questions.		
	The primary goal of this course is	Answer questions on conversations about	Students will be able to	Assessment interviews with the

101-2 Speaking	for students with a low level of English proficiency to develop a basic level of conversation skills. The course will allow them to feel comfortable participating in conversations about a range of common activities.	greetings, introductions and countries. Understand questions and statements about time and everyday life. Develop vocabulary related to house and family. Refer to the days of the week and the months of the year Recognize the present/past/future tenses in contextualized speech Spells out words (ex. give spelling of name, home country) Uses basic vocabulary such as days of the week, months of the year and dates (ordinals), as well as vocabulary for performing basic tasks such as shopping, riding the bus, going to a doctor, and eating in a restaurant	 take part in real- life interaction at school and at work. differentiate appropriate and inappropriate questions in American culture describe American cultural holidays and the special activities associated with them name simple words of medical symptoms as well as the name of medical specialists for symptoms. make transactional dialogues in various settings - on the phone, at a store, at work, and etc. make natural transformations from statements to questions; John has a book. Does John have a book? I was sick yesterday. Were you sick yesterday? 	instructor every five weeks, observed conversations with classmates, and in- class speaking activities are used to evidence achievement of SLO.
	The primary goal of this course is for low beginning level students to improve their reading skills to a level which allows them to read and understand short stories.	differences between words and sentences Recognize and make complete sentences Identify main ideas and supporting details Summarize story events and make a sequence.	 describe short stories and retell these stories using simple sentences with adjectives and adverbs. 	Instructor created assessment focused on reading comprehension and discussion of readings is used to determine achievement of SLO. Vocabulary is also tested.

English conjunctions Use proper spacing and punctuations recall key words from the story	
The primery goal Males informance Statistically Later	
101-4 ListeningThe primary goal of this course is for students with a profic incry to develop a basic level of listening comprehension. This course will enable them to understand basic activities.Make inferences based on text and prior knowledge and make connections. Distinguish can from can't by listening to the pronunciation. Use sentence and syllable stress to activities.Student will be able to function socially by introducing themselves and greeting stress to into ation of Wh- questions. Listen to and understand basic conversations activities, and majors/professions Understand and use ordinal and cardinal numbers, nationalities, and majors/professions Understand and use ordinal and cardinal numbers of the week and the months of the yearStudent will be able to function socially by introducing themselves and greeting statements and questions. using simple wh- questionsInstructor ma assessments bi on audio conversations101-4 Listening comprehension. about everyday activities.Make inferences and make connections. Understand what is heard.Student will be able to mather exerced stress to understand what is often never) and activately.Instructor ma assessments bi on audio on audio on audio to make guestions. using simple wh- questionsInstructor ma assessments bi on audio conversations101-4 to understand simple yes/no and wh- questionsStatements and questions using simple wh- questionsInstructor ma satements and questions101-4 to understand and use the letters of the week and the months of the year </th <th>ased the d of of of etion ions om to</th>	ased the d of of of etion ions om to

Recognize the present/past/future tenses in contextualized speech Recognize the singular/plural in contextualized speech Recognize basic prepositions in	 recognize reduction of want to/have to and Did you/What did you. recognize the difference between can and can't.

Course	Course Goal	Course Objective	Student Learning	Suggested
Name		course conjective	Outcome	Assessment
102-1 Grammar	The primary goal of this course is to develop the students' ability to express their individual thoughts using new grammatical forms including regular and irregular verbs, conjunctions, and compound and complex sentence structures.	Develop speaking, reading, and writing abilities with simple grammar rules such as regular and irregular verbs, conjunctions, combining sentences with two or more time clauses. Utilize time words for future and past time in statements, questions, and negatives. Use modals to show ability. Give advice, show necessity, and make requests and suggestions. Have a better understanding of tenses: simple present, present	 Students will be able to pronounce and spell a variety of irregular verbs and create past time sentences using irregular verbs. combine two time clauses using when, before, after, as soon as, and while. distinguish the functions and uses of various usages of them; advice, necessity, requests, and suggestions. 	An instructor made assessment targeting the SLO is administered every five weeks. This in combination with informal observations of the students progress, completion of homework and in- class assignments, and attendance are used to evidence achievement of SLO.

	The primary goal of this course is to allow	progressive, and simple past Distinguish nouns with definite articles from nouns with indefinite articles Make yes/no questions with appropriate order of words Use There + be in a sentence Make wh- questions with appropriate order of words Understand common prepositions of place and use them in a sentence appropriately Express their ideas, opinions, and	 use will/be going to for future time and can/be able to for ability. use possessive pronouns; mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs, and whose. make comparisons using comparative and superlative forms of adjectives and adverbs using like, alike, -er, more, -est, and most. 	Assessment interviews with
102-2 Speaking	course is to allow students to gain a functional ability to speak in simple sentences and apply them to real world situations. Students will focus more on pronunciation and understand how the alphabet relates to the sounds used in English.	opinions, and experiences actively. Discuss and promote fluency by using a wide range of high- interest topics. Make conversation about day-to-day situations. Use common prepositions of place correctly Use ordinal and cardinal numbers up to one million Understand short, informal presentations Take notes on a short, informal presentation on a familiar topic or on a biographical or experiential topic Give a short, informal presentation in class on a biographical topic	 able to introduce themselves and ask information using wh- questions and yes/no questions. discuss housing problems with the landlord using keywords such as clogged, leaking, out of order, etc. make transactional conversations on the phone using will and time expressions. report an emergency to 911, using the past tense and 	interviews with the instructor every five weeks, observed conversations with classmates, and in- class speaking activities are used to evidence achievement of SLO.

		using the past and present tenses Understand the pronunciation rules for past tense form, final –ed, and plural and third person final –s	 time expressions. utilize comparatives and superlatives. express courteous requests and offer help to someone at work using <i>may, can, could,</i> and <i>would.</i> interpret traffic signs and comprehend traffic violations and rules. 	
102-3 Reading	The primary goal of this course is to develop the student's reading skills by building on what they learned in 101 to a level where they can participate in comprehension exercises and discussions about short texts.	Participate in comprehension exercises and discussion without fear of saying the wrong answer Create and share his/her idea and opinion as he/she explores amazing true stories Use reading skills to recognize the main idea and supporting ideas of stories. Understand/learn vocabulary using context clues. Make a sequence of story events. Identify main ideas and supporting details Distinguish relevant information Understand cause- and-effect	 Students will be able to anticipate content by pictures or photos prior to reading. apply the vocabulary and structures used in the stories. paraphrase the outline of story use contextual clues to determine meaning of new words develop their reading skills such as scanning summarizing, and identifying the main idea. 	Instructor created assessment focused on reading comprehension and discussion of readings is used to determine achievement of SLO. Vocabulary is also tested.

		relationships in stories Make inferences using the information presented in stories		
102-4 Listening	The primary goal of this course is to build on the basic level of listening comprehension and ability students developed in 101. Students will develop active listening skills which will allow them to listen for main ideas and details in a variety of situations. This will allow students to extract the purpose of a conversation without having to know all of the vocabulary and grammar being used.	Watch TV channels and practice their listening skills Read and write numbers in English Formulate questions to use when they meet someone for the first time. Recognize the names of countries and their languages. Identify common body language and gestures in conversation. Use adjectives to describe people's physical appearance. Learn vocabulary related to shopping and food. Use adjectives to describe vacations. Discuss about health habits and technique.	 Students will be able to decipher main ideas or outline. listen for details and make inferences about where the meeting or conversation is taking place based on context expand their vocabulary related to real life subjects communicate their ideas and opinion on a variety of topics pronounce and recognize common contractions (<i>there is, there are</i>) and reductions (<i>used to, didn't use to</i>). 	Instructor made assessments based on audio recordings are the primary method of evidencing achievement of SLO. Comprehension of instructor direction and conversations in the classroom are also used to determine achievement of SLO.

Course	Course Goal	Course	Student Learning Outcome	Suggested
Name		Objective		Assessment
	The primary goal		Students will be able to	An instructor
	of this course is to	Recognize new	 recognize and utilize 	made assessment
	build on the	grammar points	simple present, present	targeting the SLO
	existing basic	and practice	progressive, simple past,	is administered
	grammar skills of	new structures	past progressive, and	every five weeks.

201-1 Grammar	the student and enable them to use more complex grammatical structures.	in a variety of contexts in order to internalize them. Integrate grammatical knowledge to immediate use in their speech and writing. Properly use and write present, past, and future tense; pronouns and phrasal verbs in sentences. Explain the difference between the past progressive and simple past, as well as explain when and why each are used Form sentences with reflexive or reciprocal pronouns using various verbs Distinguish the different usage of "is going to" and "will" and use them in complete sentences properly Form questions	 used to" and "get used to". identify and use common phrasal verbs. perform social functions such as asking for permission and making requests or suggestions the stupped to prog complete the stupped to s	tion with rmal tions of idents ress, etion of ork and lass ents, and nce are evidence ment of
		intransitive and intransitive		

		phrasal verbs in phrasal verbs Understand the usage of "already" and "yet" and use them in various situations		
201-2 Speaking	The primary goal of this class is to improve the student's fluency in using English beyond simple transactional dialogues. The course builds on the skills the students already possess, so that students can take part in interpersonal dialogues with friends and co- workers in a variety of common situations.	Learn about weather and season words and use them. Compare and contrast the city and country life and identify their characteristics Watch TV channels every day and listen carefully to find out main ideas Recall and summarize main points and supporting detail Relate what was heard to personal experience or needs Analyze and evaluate what was heard Draw conclusions about speaker's stance and values following a listening activity Consider and respect ideas	 Students will be able to discuss their favorite places, food, weather, and seasons. recognize adjectives and adverbs to describe personalities, life concerns, moods, etc. use past tense to describe their experiences and actions in the past. retell jokes based on comics and cartoons use basic transactional language on phone conversation. express opinions on the news and current events. 	Assessment interviews with the instructor every five weeks, observed conversations with classmates, and in-class speaking activities are used to evidence achievement of SLO.

[from an as 1!		
		from speaker's		
		point of view Express their		
		<u>^</u>		
		ideas, opinions,		
		and		
		experiences		
		actively.		
		Develop a		
		tolerance for		
		ambiguity so		
		that they don't		
		focus on		
		unfamiliar		
		words related		
		to topics.		
		Be independent		
		learners by		
		doing self-		
		study exercises		
		and activities		
		which provide		
		valuable		
		additional		
		practice in		
		grammar,		
		listening, and		
		vocabulary.		
		Communicate		
		effectively,		
		using phrases		
		and		
		expressions, for		
		a variety of		
		situations.		
	The primary goal	Expand their	Students will be able to	Instructor created
	of this course is to	knowledge as	• decipher the meaning of	assessment
	equip students	they improve	unfamiliar words using	focused on
	with additional	their	context clues	reading
	reading skills such	vocabulary and	• distinguish the main idea	comprehension
	as predicting	reading skills	from detailed information	and discussion of
	content, scanning,	Discover more	without understanding	readings is used
	making	about	every word	to determine
	inferences, and	American	• analyze, interpret, and	achievement of
	interpreting the	culture through	evaluate the meaning of	SLO. Vocabulary
	meaning of texts,	composite	text	is also tested.
	which will allow	stories based	 analyze complex 	
	them to draw	on the	grammatical	
201-3	more	experiences of	constructions	
Reading	understanding and	ESL students		

	meaning from the text.	from a variety of countries Read with speed but at the same time to retain detail information during reading Form mental images and make inferences for stories. Personalize ideas/themes of stories.	• express their ideas or opinion on topics in simple sentences.	
201-4 Writing	The primary goal of this course is to build on the basic grammar and vocabulary skills of the student to develop the writing skills they need to function successfully in everyday situations.	Write sentences starting with simple sentences through compound and complex sentences. Organize paragraphs with correct grammar, capitalization, and punctuation. Use clustering webs to organize ideas for pre-writing. Write sentence structures having coordinating conjunctions and adverb subordinators. Practice the writing process: pre- writing, editing, and final draft. Write about a wide range of	 Students will be able to write simple sentences and combine sentences using and, but, or, and so. write a paragraph including a topic sentence. utilize the six rules for capitalization, indenting, and margins. organize the writing assignments by clustering construct paragraphs using ordinals and transitions; <i>first, first of</i> <i>all, next, then, after that,</i> <i>finally, before</i> and <i>etc.</i> construct complex sentences combining independent clauses and dependent clauses. 	

topics using	
different forms.	
Write	
descriptive and	
narrative	
paragraphs.	
Use a timeline	
to write a	
biography.	
Expand	
vocabulary to	
make writing	
more elaborate	
and detailed.	
Practice real-	
life writing	
such as filling	
out an	
application	
form, writing	
messages on a	
special day	
card, sending	
informal and	
formal emails	
I	

Course	Course Goal	Course Objective	Student Learning	Suggested
Name			Outcome	Assessment
	The primary goal of		Students will be able	An instructor made
	this course is to	Integrate all four	to	assessment
	equip students with	language skills:	• construct	targeting the SLO
	the ability to	reading, writing,	sentences using	is administered
	integrate all four	speaking, and	proper definite	every five weeks.
	language skills:	listening with	and indefinite	This in
	reading, writing,	strong	articles.	combination with
	speaking, and	grammatical	 utilize adjectives 	informal
	listening with strong	competence	and adverbs	observations of the
	grammatical	Express their	properly in	students progress,
	competence.	thoughts and	everyday	completion of
		opinions using	conversation to	homework and in-
		complex	describe people,	class assignments,
		grammatical	places, and things.	and attendance are
		structures	• compare things	used to evidence
		Use the grammar	using	achievement of
		points in more	comparatives and	SLO.
		communicative	superlatives by	
		ways	using asas,	

202-1 GrammarUse definite and indefinite articles properly.more (er)than, and most,- est ending.Make sentences with comparisons and superlatives. Form sentences and questions using the present perfect form of the verbs• construct sentence with gerund as subject or object.• use infinitives after certain verbs• use infinitives after certain verbs.• use infinitives or between the present perfect progressive and present perfect• use infinitives after certain verbs.• use infinitives using the present verbs• use infinitives to express the purpose of an action.• using <i>prefer</i> , would prefer, and would rather• would rather
properly.ending.Make sentencesconstruct sentencewith comparisonsand superlatives.Form sentencessubject or object.and questionsusing the presentusing the presentverbsperfect form of theverbsDistinguish thedifferencesdifferencesaction.between thepresent perfectprogressive andpresent perfectpresent perfectwould prefer, andwould ratherwould rather
Make sentences with comparisons and superlatives.• construct sentence with gerund as subject or object.Form sentences and questions using the present perfect form of the verbs• use infinitives after certain verbs.Distinguish the differences between the present perfect progressive and present perfect• construct sentence with gerund as subject or object.• use infinitives output after certain verbs.• use infinitives express the purpose of an action.• use verbs• use infinitives to express the purpose of an action.• use verbs• use infinitives to express the purpose of an action.• using <i>prefer</i> , would prefer, and would rather
with comparisons and superlatives.with gerund as subject or object.Form sentences and questions using the present perfect form of the verbsuse infinitives after certain verbs.Distinguish the differencesuse infinitives to express the purpose of an action.between the present perfect progressive and present perfectcommunicate their preference using <i>prefer</i> , would prefer, and would rather
and superlatives.subject or object.Form sentencesand questionsand questionsafter certainusing the presentverbs.perfect form of theuse infinitives toverbsbistinguish thedifferencesaction.between thecommunicateprogressive andusing <i>prefer</i> ,present perfectwould prefer, andcompletewould rather
Form sentences and questions using the present perfect form of the Verbs• use infinitives after certain verbs.Distinguish the differences between the present perfect progressive and present perfect• use infinitives express the purpose of an action.• use infinitives verbs• use infinitives express the purpose of an action.• use infinitives verbs• use infinitives express the purpose of an action.• use infinitives verbs• use infinitives to express the purpose of an action.• using prefer progressive and present perfect• communicate using prefer, would prefer, and would rather
and questions using the present perfect form of the verbsafter certain verbs.verbs Distinguish the differences between the present perfectuse infinitives to express the purpose of an action.between the progressive and present perfectcommunicate their preference using <i>prefer</i> , would prefer, and would rather
using the present perfect form of the verbsverbs.using the present perfect form of the verbsuse infinitives to express the purpose of an action.bittinguish the differencespurpose of an action.between the present perfect progressive and present perfector communicate using <i>prefer</i> , would prefer, and would rather
perfect form of the verbs• use infinitives to express the purpose of an action.Distinguish the differencespurpose of an action.between the present perfect• communicate their preference using <i>prefer</i> , would prefer, and would rather
verbsexpress theDistinguish thepurpose of andifferencesaction.between the• communicatepresent perfecttheir preferenceprogressive andusing prefer,present perfectwould prefer, andCompletewould rather
Distinguish the differencespurpose of an action.between the present perfect• communicate their preferenceprogressive and present perfectusing prefer, would prefer, and would rather
differencesaction.between the• communicatepresent perfecttheir preferenceprogressive andusing prefer,present perfectwould prefer, andCompletewould rather
between the present perfect• communicate their preferenceprogressive and present perfectusing prefer, would prefer, and would rather
present perfecttheir preferenceprogressive andusing prefer,present perfectwould prefer, andCompletewould rather
progressive and present perfectusing prefer, would prefer, and would rather
present perfectwould prefer, andCompletewould rather
Complete would rather
1
sentences with • express the future
gerunds, as well as possibility using
choosing between may, might, and
the affirmative and could. (e.g. It
negative might get cold
Complete tonight. He may
sentences with the be late today)
infinitive form of • express the degree
verbs and with of certainty using
"too," or "enough" modals.(e.g. must,
may, might, and,
could)
The primary goal of Use language on a Students will be able Assessment
this course is to variety of issues to interviews with the
expand conversation and topics • express ideas and instructor every
skills beyond simple Use the feelings to extend five weeks,
sentences about basic knowledge of and expand observed
topics. Through in grammatical conversations conversations with
depth discussions structures, • demonstrate some classmates, and in-
about current events vocabulary, and conversation class speaking
and common pronunciation management activities are used
controversies, Use their techniques; turn- to evidence
students will learn imagination and taking, achievement of
how to better express creativity to interrupting SLO.
their opinions and achieve this level speech, asking
engage with the of competence targeted questions
English speaking Give advice to to confirm
world. friends or family comprehension
member using • discuss current
expressions that issues and
they learned in controversies –
class crime &
punishment,

202-2 Speaking		Describe gesture meanings related to feelings Learn vocabulary related to crime and punishments Understand and use a larger number of idiomatic expressions Understand and use common phrasal verbs Communicate with native English speakers in a reasonably appropriate register, particularly in regard to asking questions and making requests politely Understand a telephone message	education & learning, fame & fortune, self- improvement, etc while using supporting ideas and examples. • express varying perspectives about life, jobs, cultural topics, and life challenges with descriptive vocabulary and varied sentence structures	
	The primary goal of this course is to develop students' reading skill to the point that they do not have to rely on aids, such as dictionaries or instructors, to express their thoughts and opinions about a variety of intermediate reading materials.	Read and understand simple texts on familiar topics or amusing stories Use contextual clues to determine the meaning of words and phrases Interpret signal words as clues to the organization and content of a text Expand their knowledge as they improve their vocabulary and reading skills	 Students will be able to read for main ideas and specific information without direct knowledge of all the words. predict aspects of the plot and what might happen to the character based on what they've discovered in the story. relate the ideas in a text to their own knowledge and experience. 	Instructor created assessment focused on reading comprehension and discussion of readings is used to determine achievement of SLO. Vocabulary is also tested.

202-3 Reading		Discover more about American culture Read with speed but at the same time to retain detail information during reading Identify main ideas and supporting details Understand chronological order and sequence events Distinguish relevant information from irrelevant information Organize story elements in a story map. Analyze charts and graphs to obtain specific information Make inference and paraphrasing main ideas	 apply learned vocabulary and expressions in new situations. analyze and evaluate intention or purpose of text develop their vocabulary acquisition skills and master target structures. write a short summary of the story infer the meaning of new vocabulary by context 	
	The primary goal of this course is to provide students more opportunities to improve their ability to write more complex sentences and longer passages. They will need to be able to use prepositional phrases and more complex adjectives, adverbs, and sentence structures in order to express their opinions and ideas in a more critical setting.	Write several paragraphs which express a personal viewpoint and which use narration and/or, description and/or exposition and/or example and/or argumentation and/or citation of an external source to explain or support it State reasons using examples in writing. Write sentences containing	 Students will be able to write paragraphs with descriptive details. use adjectives to make a description vivid and interesting. combine prepositions and nouns to make prepositional phrases; prepositional phrase of place, prepositional phrase of time, and other 	

202-4 Writing	in F S th	conjunctive adverbs (consequently, furthermore, however, in fact, ndeed, moreover, then, and therefore) Express opinions in writing. Write sentences starting with simple sentences hrough compound and complex sentences. Write using the listing-order pattern of organization. Use prepositional phrases to vary	•	prepositional phrases showing possession, someone, or something. write a paragraph in which they express an opinion with adequate supporting evidence use transitional signals for opinion paragraphs. construct sentences with adjective clauses which modify nouns by <i>who</i> , <i>which</i> , and <i>that</i> .	
		Use prepositional	•	nouns by <i>who</i> ,	

Course	Course Goal	Course	Student Learning	Suggested
Name		Objective	Outcome	Assessment
	The primary goal		Students will be able to	An instructor made
	of this course is	Develop	• interact to others and	assessment targeting
	to integrate skills	integrating	confirm information	the SLO is
	in order to bridge	skills providing	using negative	administered every
	the gap between	students plenty	Yes/No questions	five weeks. This in
	knowing	of practice to	and tag questions.	combination with
	grammatical	bridge the gap	(e.g. Don't you miss	informal observations
	structures and	between	your family? That's	of the students
	using them in	knowing and	not in London, is it?	progress, completion
	speaking and	using	 express similarity to 	of homework and in-
	writing	grammatical	or contrast with the	class assignments, and
	instinctually.	structures in	information in the	attendance are used to
	Students are	speaking and	statement using so,	evidence achievement
	expected to	writing.	too, neither, or not	of SLO.
	develop accuracy	Practice new	either. (e.g. Paul	
	in their grammar,	structures in a	doesn't have blue	

	along with	variety of		avec and naithar	
	along with	variety of contexts in		eyes, and neither	
	fluency in their	order to		does John) utilize causative	
	speaking and writing by using	internalize and	•		
	••••	master them.		sentences using	
	appropriate			make, have, help	
	grammar for each situation.	Be more confident in		and $get + object + base form of the$	
	each situation.			base form of the	
201 1		their ability to		<i>verb</i> to talk about	
301-1		speak and write		things that someone	
Grammar		English		can require, cause,	
		accurately and		or permit another	
		fluently.		person to do.	
		Bridge the gap	•	use adjective clauses	
		between		to identify or give	
		knowing		additional	
		grammatical		information about	
		structures and		nouns using relative	
		using them.		pronouns; <i>who, that,</i>	
		Make		which, when and	
		conversations		whose.	
		with ease on	•	express present and	
		various		future unreal	
		everyday issues.		conditional	
		Complete		sentences.(If I were	
		sentences using		president, I would	
		the simple,		make you vice-	
		progressive or		president.)	
		perfect tense	•	express past unreal	
		forms of verbs.		conditional	
		Write questions and answers		sentences. (If	
		using the future		George had gone to	
		e e		college, he would have studied hard.)	
		perfect and future perfect		make a natural	
		progressive.		transformation from	
		Make accurate		direct to indirect	
		sentences with		speech and vice	
		Subject-Verb		versa. (He said,	
		agreement.		"Ann is a nice	
		Distinguish and		girl. He said that	
		use nouns and		Ann was a nice girl.)	
		pronouns in		· ····· ······························	
		everyday			
		conversations			
		and sentences.			
		Complete			
		sentences and			
		make			
		expressions			
		with modals			
		fluently.			

	The primary goal of this course is to develop	Identify modals and incorrect phrasal verbs, and will be able to correct them. Integrate two or more language skills	Students will be able to • critique magazine/television	Assessment interviews with the instructor every five weeks,
301-2 Listening & Speaking	students' ability to integrate all of their language skills allowing them to listen critically and converse knowledgeably about what they have heard.	Listen critically and develop arguments on issues they hear Communicate and understand different ideas effectively. Speak about ideas and thoughts more fluently. Use critical thinking skills and make inferences to understand the English language more clearly. Make conversation more fluently and clearly through understanding the American culture. Express ideas and thoughts using a wide range of vocabulary. Recognize the main ideas and supporting details Recognize the presenter's organizational structure and	 identify main ideas and construct a dialogue based on the theme of the listening comprehension practice. listen for reductions in speech and reproduce them in their own speech. identify chronology in a report or story. listen to and evaluate student responses. infer underlying information in the listening. analyze problems and propose solutions. develop strategies for efficient note taking. understand the meaning of jokes and slang and evaluate the quality of it. decipher words spoken with reduced pronunciation. determine the speaker's point of view and develop arguments for and against it. 	observed conversations with classmates, and in-class speaking activities are used to evidence achievement of SLO.

		follow the sequence of ideas expressed Note how examples, illustrations, and visual aids support or take away key message Determine literal and implied meaning of message Make jot notes to assist recall of the main idea(s) expressed by the speaker		
301-3 Reading & Writing	The primary goal of this course is to assist students to achieve an advanced level of academic reading, writing, and the ability to take good lecture notes at a level that will help them achieve academic success.	Develop their competence in constructing meaning from reading passages of various topics Use scanning and skimming reading skills fluently with many kinds of reading passages, employing various tenses and vocabulary Obtain ideas from active reading for essay writing Use critical thinking skills in reading and writing Use context clues to find meaning of	 Students will be able to evaluate, synthesize, and analyze information in reading in order to make a logical judgment. infer information not explicit in the texts. examine symbols and imagery in a text. hypothesize another's point of view and synthesize information from two texts. analyze cause and effect in a text. write a comprehensive paragraph with a topic sentence, supporting details, and concluding sentences. write an opinion essay which persuades readers. 	Instructor created assessment focused on reading comprehension and discussion of readings is used to determine achievement of SLO. Vocabulary is also tested. Writings based on information found in the readings are also used to gauge comprehension and understanding.

The primary goal	from irrelevant information Identify main ideas and support ideas Make inferences which are not explicit in a text and write reasoning Use proper graphic organizers to organizers to organize story events or brainstorm writing elements Reconstruct reading passage contents for summary Discuss a variety of issues and topics	supporting details, and concluding statement in an essay.	Instructor made assessments centered
of this course is to equip students with the ability to communicate and defend their opinions on a variety of topics which will develop their critical thinking skills.	Communicate their opinions on discussion topics for critical thinking Speak English naturally and develop accuracy as well as fluency Use new vocabulary in	 express and support their ideas on the controversial discussion topics. answer questions related to the discussion topic in writing, speeches, and group discussions. role play in small groups or work out 	around classroom discussion are the primary method of evidencing achievement of SLO. These assessments include active participation in the discussion focused on appropriate methods of agreeing/disagreeing, sharing opinions, and

	discussions and	their own solutions	expanding on points
	conversations.	as the judge or	made.
	Sort out ideas	another authority	
	and opinions	deciding the case.	
	before	• work together in	
301-4	discussing and	pairs or small groups	
Discussion	talking about	to solve a problem	
	various	and present a	
	topics/issues.	consensus or	
	Collaboratively	solution to the rest	
	work with a	of the class.	
	group to make a	demonstrate some	
	group	conversation-	
	presentation	management	
	Develop a	techniques; turn-	
	PowerPoint to	taking, interrupting	
	organize	speech, asking	
	presenting	targeted questions.	
	materials	• draw logical	
	Become aware	conclusions and	
	of controversial	make inferences	
	issues on the	using linguistic	
	news.	clues; however, on	
		the other hand,	
		therefore, as a	
		result, in conclusion,	
		and etc.	
		• collect information	
		asking <i>wh</i> -	
		questions.	
		 accurately construct 	
		present unreal	
		conditions and past	
		unreal conditions.	

Course Name	Course Goal	Course Objective	Student Learning Outcome	Suggested Assessment
	The primary goal of this course is for students to practice target structures repeatedly in different contexts, and at increasing	Develop integrating skills providing students plenty of practice to bridge the gap between knowing and using grammatical structures in	 Students will be able to control present past perfect, past perfect progressive, future perfect in writing and speech: 	An instructor made assessment targeting the SLO is administered every five weeks. This in combination with informal observations of the students progress, completion of homework and in-

	levels of	speaking and	•	use tag	class assignments, and
	difficulty in	writing.		questions to	attendance are used to
	order to	Practice new		check	evidence achievement
	internalize and	structures in a		information or	of SLO.
	master them.	variety of contexts in		to make	
		order to internalize		additions of	
		and master them.		similarity using	
		Be more confident in		so, too, neither,	
		their ability to speak		and not either:	
		and write English	•	(e.g., John	
		accurately and		can't	
		fluently.		ski. Neither	
302-1		Bridge the gap		can David.)	
Grammar		between knowing	•	express degree	
		grammatical		of necessity	
		structures and using		using	
		them.		modals(e.g.	
		Make conversations		must, should,	
		with ease on various		ought to,	
		everyday issues.		supposed to)	
		Complete sentences		and certainty	
		using the simple,		(must, may,	
		progressive or perfect tense forms		<i>might, could</i>)	
		of verbs.	•	use gerunds in passive form	
		Write questions and		(She hates	
		answers using the		being	
		future perfect and		ignored. She's	
		future perfect		still angry at	
		progressive.		having been	
		Make accurate		ignored.)	
		sentences with	•	use infinitives	
		Subject-Verb		as subjects and	
		agreement.		objects (e.g. To	
		Distinguish and use		finish what you	
		nouns and pronouns		started is	
		in everyday		advisable. I	
		conversations and		would like to	
		sentences.		invite you to	
		Complete sentences		dinner.)	
		and make	•	construct noun	
		expressions with		clauses. (e.g.	
		modals fluently.		What you see	
		Identify modals and		is what you	
		incorrect phrasal		get.)	
		verbs, and will be	•	construct	
		able to correct them.		adjective and adverb	
				clauses of time,	
				place, reason,	
				and condition	
			I	and condition	

			• compound	
			• compound sentences using	
			e	
			connectors:	
			but, although,	
	The aminut	L	however.	A ago gamet int i
	The primary	Improve	Students will be	Assessment interviews
	goal of this	comprehensibility	able to	with the instructor
	course is to	through	• interpret	every five weeks,
	equip students	pronunciation	information	observed
	with language	improvement	from a variety	conversations with
	learning	Strengthen the	of contexts; on	classmates, and in-
	strategies and	abilities to monitor	the radio, on	class speaking
	skills such as	and evaluate their	the television,	activities are used to
	understanding	own English	on the phone,	evidence achievement
	contextual	language	interviews, etc.	of SLO.
	conversations,	Progress, initiate	 predict and 	
	identifying	self-improvement,	identify main	
	main subjects	and develop	ideas and	
	and note-taking,	compensatory	details.	
	which will help	language skills	 synthesize 	
	students be	Practice and improve	information	
	successful in	general and	and react to the	
	everyday and	academic listening	different	
302-2	academic	and speaking skills	viewpoints in	
Speaking	settings.	Use critical thinking	listening and	
		skills and make	speaking.	
		inferences to	• relate listening	
		understand the	to personal	
		English language	values and	
		more clearly.	personal	
		Make conversation	experience.	
		more fluently and	• differentiate	
		clearly through	between	
		understanding the	American	
		American culture.	idiomatic	
		Express ideas and	expressions.	
		thoughts using a	 provide 	
		wide range of	information	
		vocabulary.	from the	
		Recognize the main	listening to	
		ideas and supporting	support answer.	
		details	• use new	
		Recognize the	vocabulary in a	
		presenter's	guided	
		organizational	conversation.	
		structure and follow	• plan and give a	
		the sequence of	three-minute	
		ideas expressed	speech.	
		Note how examples,	• act out a	
		illustrations, and	scripted	
		visual aids support	conversation.	

		or take away key message Determine literal and implied meaning of message Make jot notes to assist recall of the main idea(s) expressed by the speaker	 ask for clarification using tag questions. restate the theme in passive voice or direct and indirect speech. accurately pronounce <i>th</i> sounds correctly(e.g. <i>thing, there</i>, think, lather, breathe, soothe, bathe) 	
302-3 Reading & Writing	The primary goal of this course is to equip students with the ability to read academic materials and write effectively at an academic level.	Read and understand the main ideas and supporting details of a short newspaper article Read and understand the main ideas and supporting details of a general interest topic academic passages ranging from two to three pages long Write a brief summary of a simplified academic text Write a timed comparison/contrast essay, which includes a general to specific introduction, supporting body paragraphs, specific to general conclusion, and simple transitions Write a timed cause/effect essay, which includes a	 Students will be able to identify main ideas and analyze the purpose of text. support answers with examples from the readings. analyze a paragraph with the topic sentence, the supporting sentences, and the concluding sentence. interpret a graph. paraphrase the main idea. identify cause and effect in the text. develop topic sentences with controlling ideas. write a three-part paragraph 	Instructor created assessment focused on reading comprehension and discussion of readings is used to determine achievement of SLO. Vocabulary is also tested. Writings based on information found in the readings are also used to gauge comprehension and understanding.

		supporting body paragraphs, specific to general conclusion, and simple transitions Write a timed descriptive essay, which includes a general to specific introduction, supporting body paragraphs, specific to general conclusion, and simple transitions Read for a variety of purposes, which includes gathering information, following directions, giving a response, forming an opinion, and understanding information. Write to communicate ideas effectively. Write conclusions about the author's message, values, and craft. Associate what is being read with personal experiences and make connections. Use the process and skills needed to write a clear and	•	sentence, supporting sentences, and a concluding sentence. compose an opinion essay with new vocabulary. write a descriptive paragraph about personal experience using subordinating conjunctions and transitions to express cause and effect. properly use punctuations; commas, semicolons, colons, and dashes	
		general to specific introduction,		with a topic sentence,	
		-		-	
				· · ·	
		to general			
				•	
			•	compose an	
				-	
		descriptive essay,			
		which includes a		vocabulary.	
		general to specific	•	write a	
		-		descriptive	
				-	
				<u> </u>	
		-		•	
		-		-	
		-			
		<u> </u>			
		-			
		•	•		
			•		
				· ·	
		Write to		colons, and	
				dashes	
		U			
1		write a clear and			
		organized term paper or essay.			
		organized term paper			
		organized term paper			
	The primary	organized term paper or essay.	Stu	idents will be	Instructor made
	The primary goal of this	organized term paper or essay. Generate ideas and		idents will be	Instructor made assessments centered
		organized term paper or essay.			
	goal of this	organized term paper or essay. Generate ideas and consider appropriate		e to	assessments centered

	to communicate	include in		opinions with	evidencing
	in spoken	presentations.		examples	achievement of SLO.
	English on a	Choose appropriate	•	practice	These assessments
	wide range of	format for purpose		conversation	include active
	life topics and	and audience.		using	participation in the
	contexts with a	Organize ideas in		synonyms,	discussion focused on
	high level of	appropriate format in		parallelism,	appropriate methods of
	accuracy and	preparation for		and	agreeing/disagreeing,
	fluency.	sharing or presenting		prepositional	sharing opinions, and
		orally (e.g.,		phrases to	expanding on points
		demonstrate an		enrich	made.
		ordered sense of		narrative.	
		story).	•	use new	
		Rehearse and		vocabulary in a	
		consider ways to		guided or free	
		enhance clarity of		conversation.	
		presentation.	•	interrupt	
		Explain personal		politely to	
		viewpoints in clear		clarify or	
		meaningful ways.		confirm	
		Use American		information	
		idioms/slang and talk about current		using tag	
		events.		questions or restating.	
		Speak more fluently	•	express	
302-4		about everyday	•	surprise, shock,	
Discussion		situations.		and interest in	
Discussion		Collaboratively		the topic using	
		work with a group to		a wide range of	
		make a group		adjectives and	
		presentation		adverbs.	
		Develop a	•	discuss topics	
		PowerPoint to		in small groups	
		organize presenting		and make oral	
		materials		presentations	
				about said	
				topics	
			•	discuss	
				possible	
				endings or	
				conclusions to stories and	
				reasons for	
				their choices.	
				practice critical	
				thinking by	
				working out	
				their own	
				solution if they	
				were a certain	

			 authority to decide the case. perform a role- play regarding the topic of unit. 	
302-6 TOEFL Preparation	The goal of this course is to provide students with an understanding of the demands and academic expectations of the TOEFL Test. Designed for both students preparing to take TOEFL and students interested in improving their academic English skills, the TOEFL Preparation course allows students real practice with academic English in a variety of contexts.	understand the structure, format, and expectations for the TOEFL test develop a command of academic English in the context of TOEFL demonstrate adaptability and complexity in responses to questions about a variety of academic articles and listen to academic lectures in order to answer comprehension questions and make inferences about what they have read and listened to synthesize information from a listening and reading about the same topic paraphrase and express their own opinions about readings and listenings	timed speaking tasks centered around giving opinions, summarizing recent information, and synthesizing readings and listenings listening comprehension focused on understanding conversations about typical campus problems and a wide range of academic lectures reading comprehension of academic articles that are less than two pages in length writing opinion essays and synthesis essays vocabulary assessment of common academic words as well as idiomatic expressions found frequently in TOEFL	Excerpts of official practice tests are the primary method of evidencing achievement of SLO. Additional assessments focused on vocabulary, mastery of grammar, and other test taking skills are often included in the assessment.

Course Name	Course Goal	Course	Student Learning	Suggested
		Objective	Outcome	Assessment

	The primary goal of	Learn what they	Students will be	Instructor made
	this course is to help	can say in the	able to:	assessments
	English learners feel	first class in	 exchange 	focused on
	comfortable and	America, and	personal	speaking tasks
	confident in	exchange their	information to	centered around
	understanding and	information to	make new	SLO topics are
	using common	make new	friends	the primary
	expressions in	friends	 talk about 	method of
	American English.	Talk about their	birthdays,	evidencing
	0	birthdays and	families, and	achievement of
		family and write	friends	SLOs.
		a journal of their	• identify and	
		family and	name the types	
		friends	of money and	
		Learn what kinds	payments used	
		of money exist in	in America	
		America and	• use useful	
		learn how to pay	expression to	
		at grocery stores	order at	
		Learn useful	restaurants and	
		expressions to	pay at other	
081		order at	stores	
USI Introduction to		restaurants	• discuss their local	
ESL:		Talk about their current housing	communities	
Functional		and write an	and types of	
English		apartment ad	transportation	
English		Learn about their	with maps and	
		communities	graphics	
		with maps and	• explain common	
		talk about types	health problems	
		of transportation	and make	
		Learn how to	appointments	
		deal with their	with a doctor	
		health problems	• write a simple	
		and how to make	resume and feel	
		an appointment	comfortable	
		with a doctor to	with common	
		get help	interview	
		Learn how to	questions	
		write a resume	 discuss basic US civics 	
		and how to get an interview	US CIVICS	
		Talk about		
		typical traffic		
		situations and		
		how to cope with		
		them		
		Talk about the		
		U.S focusing on		
		their rights,		

		freedoms and		
		responsibilities		
082 Introduction to ESL: Holidays and Events in America	The primary goal of this course is to provide students with a cultural and historical understanding of American holidays and special events.	Become familiarized with the main holidays celebrated in the United States. Understand the background of each holiday Appreciate their involvement in American culture and traditions Identify the unique characteristics of each holiday Acknowledge how to celebrate these holidays. Compare these holidays to those in their country. Recall the history of each holiday.	 Students will be able to: discuss the main holidays celebrated in the United States and recite when they are celebrated speak and write about the history of each holiday appreciate their involvement in American culture and traditions identify the unique characteristics of each holiday explain how these holidays are commonly celebrated compare and contrast American holidays and traditions with those in their countries 	Instructor made assessments focused on speaking tasks centered around SLO topics are the primary method of evidencing achievement of SLOs.
091 Current Events in the News Media	The primary goal of this course is to provide students the opportunity to enhance their knowledge of current issues by working directly with authentic news sources and media.	Identify key vocabulary which allows them to understand the main idea of the news article. Analyze and compare articles in the newspaper and on television.	 Students will be able to: analyze and compare articles in the newspaper and on television paraphrase and report key points of news articles 	

		Understand the key points of articles by summarizing them.	• identify key vocabulary central to the main ideas of news articles	
092 Grammar through Conversation	The primary goal of this course is to develop a functional understanding of English grammar focused on using appropriate structures in speech.	Improve sentence formation, pronunciation, and fluency Become empowered to apply the language to their surroundings outside of the classroom Enhance understanding and use of idioms and expressions that are commonly used by native speakers Make connections between what they learn in class and what they learn in class and what they actually use in a real life Recall their prior knowledge about grammar rules Become aware of proper grammar rules in speaking and in writing Identify informal English expressions and formal expressions	 Students will be able to: make connections between grammar learned in textbooks and grammar used in daily speaking distinguish common grammar forms used in writing and speaking apply grammar points studied in class to actual conversations identify informal and formal English expressions 	Instructor made assessments focused on speaking tasks centered around SLO topics are the primary method of evidencing achievement of SLOs.
	The primary goal of this course is to improve pronunciation	Learn English- focused pronunciations	Students will be able to: • recognize and distinguish	Instructors made assessments focused on

093 Pronunciation	accuracy and fluency in English. Developing confidence in speaking for extended periods and developing an understanding of the mechanics of sound production allows for a better understanding of pronunciation.	for more accurate listening Improve students' articulation for English speaking Reduce students' diverse accents Become more familiar with specific English sounds Become more confident with speaking and listening Differentiate English sounds from their native language sounds Recognize sounds for contractions and reductions of verbs and apply the learned sounds in speaking Identify rhyme and intonation of vocabulary	 easily confused sounds in English monitor their pronunciation and adjust for accuracy recognize commonly used contractions and reductions in spoken English identify rhyme and intonation reproduce speeches with fluency and accuracy 	speaking tasks centered around SLO topics are the primary method of evidencing achievement of SLOs.
094 Idioms in American English	The primary goal of this course is to develop an understanding and appreciation for idioms used in daily American English. Emphasis is placed on commonly used expressions and phrasal verbs found in everyday speech.	Become familiar with daily, practical expressions Recognize American cultures, humor and body language Familiarize with native English speaking sounds and patterns Internalize spoken words and promote predictions about language choice	 Students will be able to: recognize American culture, humor, and body language demonstrate command over informal spoken English by using idiomatic expressions categorize phrasal verbs and combine them in fluent speech 	Instructor made assessments focused on speaking tasks centered around SLO topics are the primary method of evidencing achievement of SLOs.

		Get a better grasp of humor and understand sarcasm or jokes Predict how a character might behave in a particular circumstance Become more motivated and enjoy a sense of achievement Identify problems and solutions in episodes Identify main events and distinguish irrelevant events from relevant ones	construct and evaluate dialogues with extensive use of idiomatic expressions and phrasal verbs	
095 English through American Culture	The primary goal of this course is to develop an understanding of American culture through the study of authentic sources that target specific grammatical forms and cultural mannerisms.	Comprehend American manners and customs through the textbook. Recognize cultural differences between American culture and their own one. Identify and acquire cultural expressions and manners in America. Practice American manners and language expressions in actual settings	 Students will be able to: recognize cultural differences between American culture and their own identify and replicate cultural expressions and manners common in America practice American manners and expressions in authentic situations formulate speech and writings that align with American 	Instructor made assessments focused on speaking tasks centered around SLO topics are the primary method of evidencing achievement of SLOs.

			cultural	
			standards	
	The primary goal of	Become familiar	Students will be	Instructors
	this course is to	with daily,	able to:	made
097 English	develop a cultural	practical	 familiarize 	assessments
through Visual	understanding of	expressions	themselves with	focused on
Media	American English	Recognize	practical	speaking tasks
	through the analysis	American	idiomatic	centered around
	of American sitcoms.	culture, humor,	expressions and	SLO topics are
		and body	humor	the primary
		language	• recognize	method of
		Familiarize with	American	evidencing
		native English	culture, humor,	achievement of
		speaking sounds	and body	SLOs.
		and patterns	language	
		Internalize	• make	
		spoken words	predictions	
		and promote	about common	
		predictions about	tropes in	
		language choice	American	
		Get a better grasp	comedy	
		of humor and	programs	
		understand	• identify	
		sarcasm or jokes	problems and	
		Predict how a	solutions in	
		character might	sitcoms	
		behave in a	• identify main	
		particular	events and	
		circumstance	distinguish	
		Become more	irrelevant events	
		motivated and	from relevant	
		enjoy a sense of	ones	
		achievement	• summarize and	
		Identify problems	report on plot,	
		and solutions in	characters, and	
		episodes Identify main	settings of TV shows	
		events and	5110 W 5	
		distinguish		
		irrelevant events		
		from relevant		
		ones		
		01105		